# Motivation and Self-Actualisation

#### 1. Brainstorming

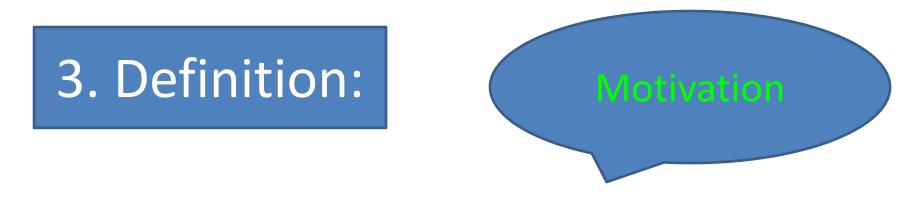


- > Who is your Motivator?
- ➢ What motivated you to be what you are

today?

### 2. Objectives

- To understand the meaning of motivation and self actualization.
- To find out the necessity of motivation for self improvement
- To have a positive thinking which may give birth to right type of motivation.
- To actualize ourselves to the maximum.
- To identify the transformation that takes place.



- Motivation is all about finding out the need inside a person"
- Motivation is the willingness of an individual to do something"

#### ✓ 1. Types of Motivation

1) Internal Motivation : Internal motivation comes from within, such as pride, a sense of achievement, responsibility and belief.

2) External Motivation : External motivation comes from outside, such as money, societal approval, fame or fear.

3) Push and pull Motivation: Our behavior is energized by certain inner forces called needs or motives, are labeled as push and pull motives.

4) Personal Motivation :

5) Incentive Motivation : External motivation can also take the form of incentives, bonuses, commission, recognition, etc.,

✓ 2. Stages of Motivation (The 4 stages from motivation to demotivation)

- 1) Motivated ineffective
- 2) Motivated effective
- 3) Demotivated effective
- 4) Demotivated ineffective

**Demotivating factors** Unfair criticism Negative criticism Public humiliation fear of failure Low self esteem Negative self talk Hypocrisy, etc.,

#### **Motivators**

- The greatest motivator is belief.
- We have to inculcate in ourselves the belief that we are responsible for our actions and behavior

A few steps to motivate others

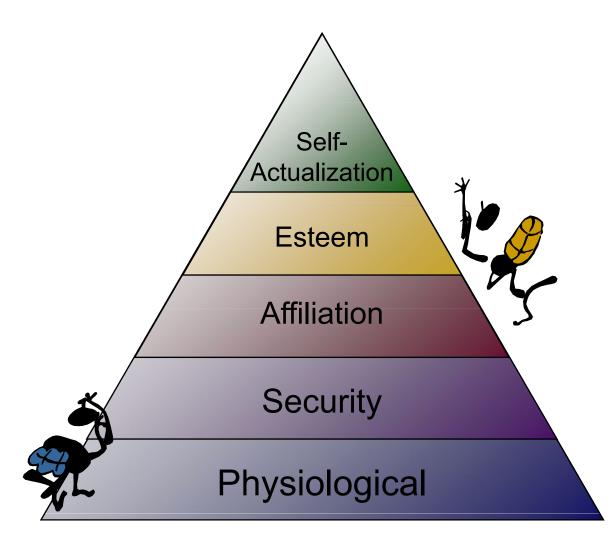
- Give recognition
- Give respect
- Make work interesting
- Be a good listener
- Throw a challenge

1. Needs of Motivation

#### Maslow's Hierarchy

- Each individual has needs, or feelings of deficiency that drive their behavior
- Once a need is satisfied, then it is no longer motivating
- Needs are in a hierarchy that an individual moves up as they satisfy levels of needs

#### Maslow's Hierarchy



14.3

Adapted from Figure 14.2

#### Levels of Needs

- Physiological/Survival needs
  - Food, Clothing, Shelter, Air
- Security
  - Feel safe, absence of pain, threat, or illness
- Affiliation
  - friendship, company, love, belonging
  - first clear step up from physical needs

#### Need levels (cont.)

- Esteem Needs
  - self-respect, achievement, recognition, prestige
  - cues a persons worth
- Self-Actualization
  - personal growth, self-fulfillment, realization of full potential
  - Where are YOU on the hierarchy???

#### Types of Needs

- N Achievement-motive to meet some standard of excellence or to compete
- N Affiliation-motive to develop and maintain close and meaningful relationships
- N Power-desire to influence and control others and the environment



- Analysis through
  - Case study
  - \* Role Play
  - Sharing of ones own experiences
  - Related videos
  - **\* Group Discussion**

#### Why is Motivation requires?

- Many Times, in order to survive we have to start a change process.
- And that change process will comes with proper Motivational skill.
- We sometimes need to get rid of old memories, habits and other past traditions.
- Only freed from past burdens, can we take advantage of the present.

#### 6. Outcome of the Unit

- Comes to know the meaning of motivation
- Learns to respond positively to the situation
- finds out the necessity of motivation for self improvement
- Gain confidence
- > actualize themselves to the maximum.
- identify the transformation that takes place

## 7. Life skill Diary

✓ Who is your motivator? ✓ What is your goal in life? ✓ What is the greatest motivator? Is it recognition? Acceptance by those we love? ✓ Why we need to be motivated? Do we act mostly from inner forces? Have you ever motivated others?





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